

Hanyang International Summer School

| | Name | Seungho Choi | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------|---------|---------|-------|--|--|--|
| Faculty Information | E-mail | seunghochoi@hanyang.ac.kr | | | | | | | |
| | Home University | Hanyang University | | | | | | | |
| | Department | Department of Finance | | | | | | | |
| | Homepage | | | | | | | | |
| | Class No. | ТВА | Course Code | ISS1206 | Credits | 3 | | | |
| | Course Name | Introduction to Behavioral Finance | | | | | | | |
| Course Information | Lecture Schedule | Tue-Fri / 9:00 AM - 12:00 PM | | | | | | | |
| | Course Description | This course explores the intersection of psychology and finance to understand how human behavior influences the decision making process. Unlike traditional financial theories, which assume that individuals are rational wealth maximizers, this course examines how cognitive biases, emotions, and psychological factors often lead to irrational or unpredictable decisions. Students will study key concepts such as overconfidence, los aversion, herding behavior, mental accounting, etc., which challenge the assumptions of standard economic models Through real-world examples and psychology-based theories, the course provides a deeper understanding of anomalies in financia markets and consumer behavior that standard models canno explain. The goal is to equip students with a comprehensive understanding of the psychological forces that shape decision making, helping them better navigate and anticipate irrational behaviors in financial contexts. *** This course is designed for students with no background in economics and finance , so you do not need to worry about the | | | | | | | |
| | Course Objective | difficulty level. Upon successful completion of the course, students should had 1. A good understanding of various forms of human cognit biases. 2. A good understanding of the details of behavioral models economic theory. | | | | itive | | | |



| | | | 3. A good understanding of efficient market hypothesis and its | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|--|---------------|-------|--|--|
| | | | limits in practice. | | | | |
| | Prerec | quisite | None. | | | | |
| | Materials/Textbooks | | Lecture slides and academic research papers will be provided. No | | | | |
| | | | textbook is required. | | | | |
| | Attendance | | 10 % | Quiz | % | | |
| Evaluation | Assignment | | % | Mid-term Exam | 20 % | | |
| | Presentation | | % | Final Exam | 30 % | | |
| | Group Project | | 40 % | Participation | % | | |
| | Etc. | | Evaluation Item Ratio | | Ratio | | |
| | | | | | % | | |
| | | | | | % | | |
| | Week 1 | Day 1 | Entrance ceremony | | | | |
| Daily Lecture Plan | | Day 2 | Introduction to Behavioral Economics | | | | |
| | | | Recap on Standard Economic Assumptions | | | | |
| | | Day 3 | Values, Preferences and Choices | | | | |
| | | Day 4 | Beliefs, Heuristics and Biases | | | | |
| | Week 2 | Day 1 | 1st group project: What are the examples of behavioral anomalies | | | | |
| | | | that you encounter personally in your daily life? | | | | |
| | | | Discussion on Behavioral Biases | | | | |
| | | Day 2 | Decision-making under Uncertainty | | | | |
| | | Day 3 | Prospect Theory | | | | |
| | | Day 4 | Mid-term exam | | | | |
| | Week 3 | Day 1 | Introduction to Behavioral Finance | | | | |
| | | Day 2 | Introductory Finance | | | | |
| | | Day 3 | Efficient Market Hypothesis | | | | |
| | | Day 4 | Empirical Evidence on Behavioral Finance | | | | |
| | Week 4 | Day 1 | Behavioral Corporate Finance | | | | |
| | | Day 2 | 2nd group project: What are the examples of market anomalies | | | | |
| | | | that people observe in your home country's financial market? | | | | |
| | | | Discussion on Market Anomalies | | | | |
| | | Day 3 | Final exam | | | | |
| | | Day 4 | Graduation | | | | |